HANDBOOK OF PHONOLOGICAL DATA FROM A SAMPLE OF THE WORLD'S LANGUAGES

A Report of the Stanford Phonology Archive

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	355 Yukaghir	355 Yukaghir	355 Yukaghir
355	01 p	12 m	
55	02 b	13 n ⁰¹	54 epsilon-long
		14 n-palatal ⁰²	55 o-mid-dot ⁰⁵ 30
55	03 401	15 eng	56 o-mid-dot-long ⁰⁵ 06
55 55	04 d ⁰¹ 05 c ⁰² 03	16 101 02	57 a-front [a] ⁶³
55	06 j ⁰²	17 1-velarized ⁰¹	58 a-front-long
55	07 k	18 r-trill ⁰¹	[a-long] 63
5	08 g		59 u 60 u-long
5	09 q [x] ⁰⁴ 60		61 o-mid ⁰⁷
_	(free)	51 iota [i] ⁶²	62 o-mid-long
5	10 s ⁰¹	52 iota-long	63 yod
5	11 samma-uvular [q-voice] ⁶¹	53 epsilon [e] ⁶²	64 м

- 355 \$a Yukaghir \$b Tundra \$d isolate \$e NE USSR \$f 400 \$g Merritt Ruhlen\$g Marilyn Vihman (review)
- \$55 \$a Krejnovich, E.A. \$b 1968 \$c Jukagirskij jazyk \$e Jazyki narodov SSSR, Vol. 5, 435-452 \$g Leningrad: Nauka
- \$ \$a Krejnovich, E. A. \$b 1958 \$c Jukagirskij jazyk \$g Moscow-leningrad: Academy of Sciences of the USSR, Linguistics Institute
- 355 \$a STRESS \$A "Stress falls on the first or second syllable. In isolated cases it may be the only mark distinguishing words." (p.437)
- \$5 \$a SYLLABLE \$A (C)V(C)(C)
- 355 01 \$A /t, d, s, n, l, l-velarized, r-trill/ are described as "apical."
- 355 02 \$A "Further studies will show whether the phonemes /c, j, n-palatal, l/ [or /t-palatalized/, /d-palatalized/, /n-palatalized/, /l-palatalized/--MVI are opposed to the phonemes /t/, /d/, /n/, /l-velarized/ as palatalized hard consonants, or whether they belong to the palatal series." (Krejnovich 1958, p.10)
- 355 03 \$A "The phoneme /c/ [or /t-palatalized/--MV] is affricated, but inasmuch as it is voiced as /j/ [or /d-palatalized/--MV] it is difficult to assign it to the affricates." (Krejnovich 1958, n.10)
- 355 04 \$A Place of articulation for [x] is not specified, but the symbol used suggests a velar.
- 355 05 \$A /o-mid-dot/ is "lightly labialized." (p.435)
- 355 06 \$A /o-mid-dot-long/ is "slightly retracted." (p.435)
- 355 07 \$A /o-mid/ is "less round than Russian /o/." (Krejnovich 1958)
- 355 30 \$A "In comparison with the other vowels, this one [/o-mid-dot/] is rarely met with. The phonetic conditions under which it occurs call for further study." (Krejnovich 1958, p.9)
- 355 60 $A \neq 0$ may be realized as [x]. (Krejnovich 1958, p.10)
- 355 61 \$A /gamma-uvular/ is realized as [q-voice] after /eng/. (Krejnovich 1958, p.10)
- 355 62 \$A /iota, epsilon/ are raised to [i, el "contiguous to palatal consonants." (p.435)
- 355 63 . \$A /a-front, a-front-long/ are backed in the environment of uvulars. (Krejnovich 1958, p.9)